

## **ROLE OF TRANSPORT IN MOBILIZATION OF RESOURCE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

The transport system plays a vital role in resource mobilization and providing as well as improving access to different parts of a geographical region which is important for businesses as well as individuals.

In order to produce food, farmers need certain resources, such as seeds, fertilizers, pesticides, packaging materials, and many others. Precisely because of that, transport is an essential aspect of crop production that enables the delivery of agricultural resources to a farmer.

Furthermore, transport is a burning component of post-harvest crop management. After all, every harvested crop needs to be transported, either directly from the field to the market, or to the packing house and storage.

The entire production system of India depends on the seamless movement of inputs like raw materials, machinery, fuels, etc. Similarly, the output from various sectors needs the transport system to bring them to the market. Thus, the transport system in India is key in raising the volume of production of different sectors of this country.

Labour can move smoothly between different regions of the country, which helps in the expansion of industries. It also provides jobs to workers and opens up gainful employment opportunities for the unemployed labourers of India.

The vast and unexplored resources of our country (forest, mineral, agricultural wealth) lie in many remote regions. Roads and railways are making it possible to venture into these areas and tap into their potential. Hence, the transport system plays a very important role in the economic development of a region.

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